### A Focus Technology of the

American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO)

Technology Implementation Group (TIG)

# Virtual Weigh-In-Motion

A "WIM-win" for transportation agencies

Championed by the WIM Lead States Team 2006-2007 Presentation

# **AASHTO Technology Implementation Group**

- TIG accelerates adoption of life- and moneysaving, high-payoff innovations for higher performing roads
- TIG chose WIM/VWIM as focus technology for non-traditional uses (enforcement)
- Lead States Team
  - North Dakota (Chair)
  - California
  - Florida
  - Indiana
  - Nevada



## WIM Backdrop

- 25+ year track record
- Standard: 2 sensors in road, scale between
  - Sensors: vehicle speed & length
  - Scale weight: all axles, left & right wheels
  - Date/time truck location, direction
- Evolution
  - Wireless
  - Software for info management/analysis
  - Advanced camera systems
  - Solar power & satellite communications

What's new: Virtual WIM for weight compliance, screening & enforcement.

## Virtual WIM

- Game changer for enforcement
- Non-intrusive, unmanned
- **Automated data collection**
- Eases traffic flow
- Selective, not random, inspections



VWIM: real-time data from a distance.

## **Electronic Pre-clearance**

- In some States, linked to WIM
- Trucks often bypass weigh station
- Communicate via transponder for vehicle identity
  - Green for "bypass"
  - Red for "pull in"
- Credential check: State/National databases
- Nationwide
  - 40 jurisdictions use e-screening
  - 300 sites
  - 430,000 trucks with transponders





## **Pre-Clearance Vendors**

#### PrePass<sup>™</sup>, NorPass, GreenLight

#### PrePass<sup>™</sup>

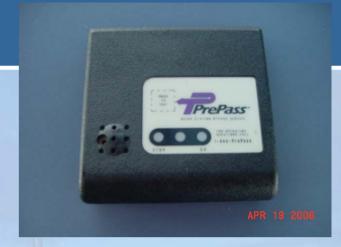
- Adopted by about 25 States
- PrePass<sup>TM</sup> supplies equipment; State may handle WIM integration
- NorPass & GreenLight transponders can register for PrePass<sup>TM</sup> use
- Cost to carrier for "bypass" when scale's open

#### NorPass

- Deployed in about 12 States and Canadian Provinces
- States pay for equipment & maintenance
- Carrier buys own transponder

#### GreenLight

- Oregon only
- State owns, operates, administers database
- Reads any transponder registered with Oregon
- Free transponders to qualified carriers





# Why VWIM, Why Now?

- Enforcement
- Resource Management
- Budget realities
  - Cost of Right-of-Way
  - Cost to build
- Damage from overweight trucks
- Lessen volume at choke points
- Curb congestion \$63B/year in U.S.
- Expedite commerce
- Stem air pollution
- Sharpen predictions for design/maintenance



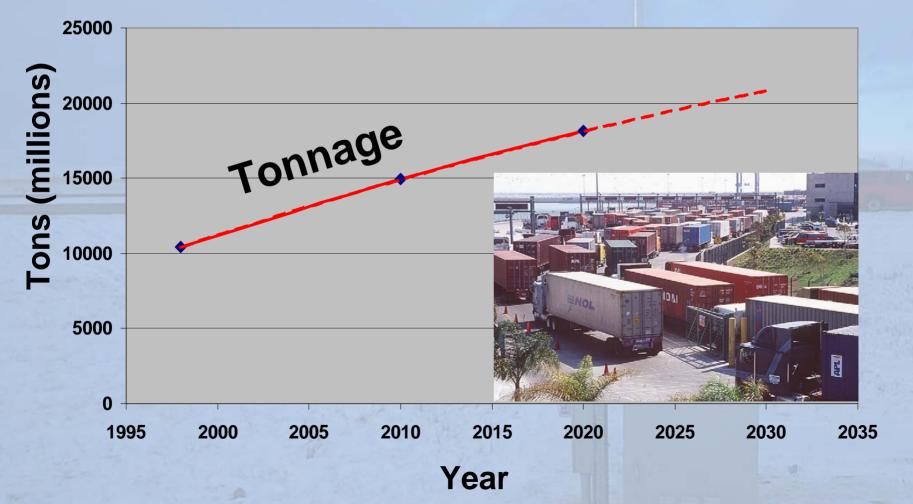
Over the next 20 years, truck tonnage is expected to increase at a rate more than five times that of population growth.

Texas Transportation Institute

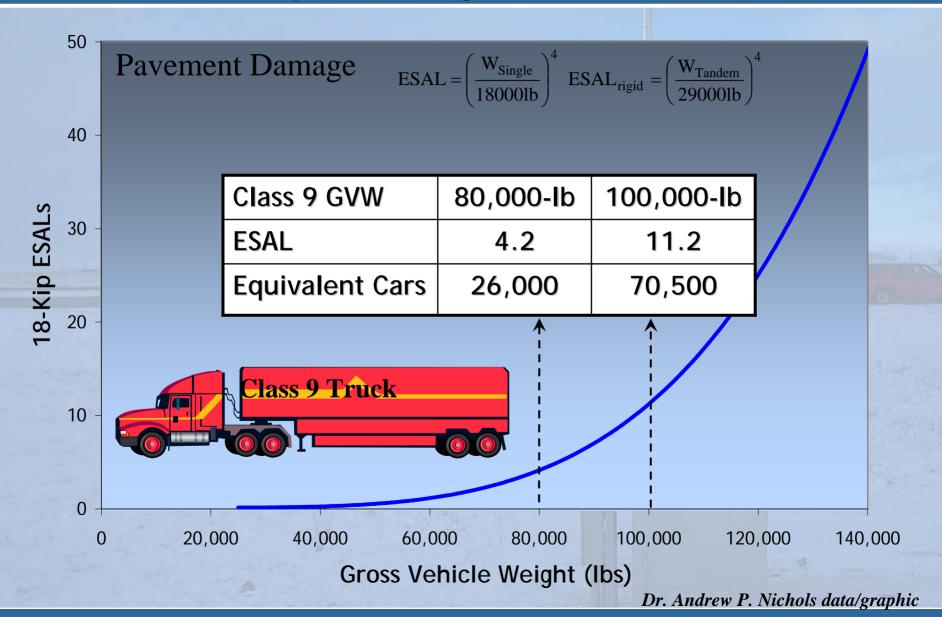
# Why VWIM, Why Now (continued)

## Freight Tonnage Moved by Truck

Source: FHWA



# Why VWIM, Why Now? (cont'd) ESAL 101 (Equivalent Single Axle Loads)



## WIM Stakeholders

- Driving public
- American Trucking Associations
- State Departments of Transportation
- Departments of revenue
- U.S. Department of Transportation
- Federal Highway Administration
- American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials
- Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration
- State highway patrols
- Motor carriers
- Commercial Vehicle Information Systems and Networks (CVISN)



# Florida's WIM Experiences

- 41 WIMs deployed
- Ramp WIMs all Interstate sites
- 16 MCCO WIMS
- Sensor Technology: load cell, Kistler & Piezo
- 2 mainline WIM deployments
  - Escambia Bay Bridge (Hurricane Ivan)
  - Plantation Key (one way in & out)
- Virtual WIM, 3-D Scanning



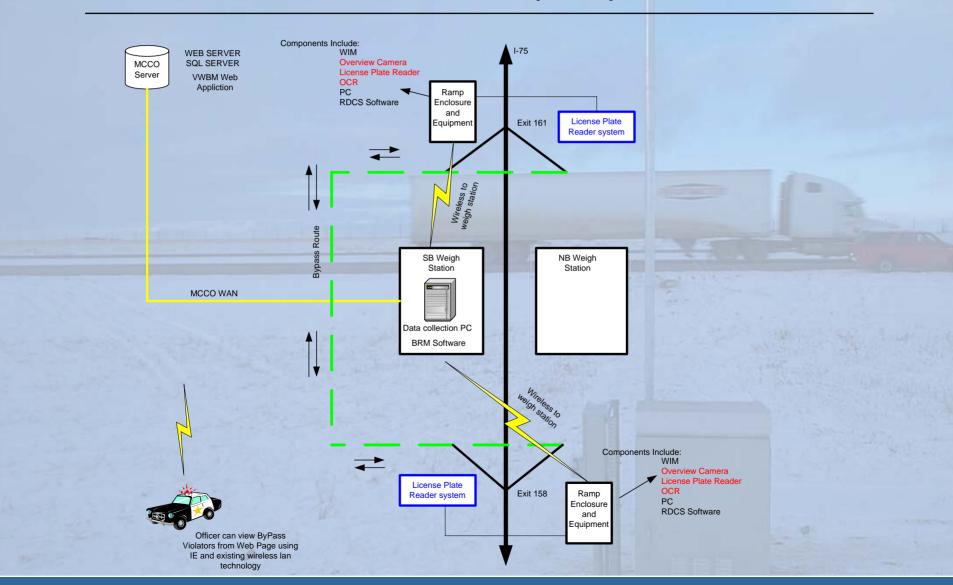
FL truck volume has increased over 10% annually in the last 5 years.

# Video: Florida MCCO 1st Full Service WIM Station

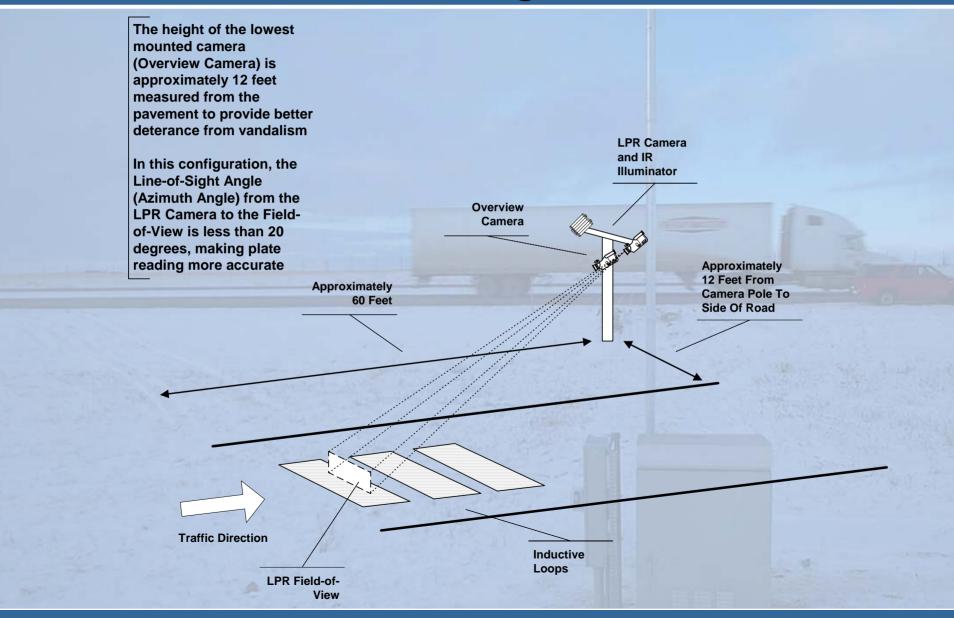


# Florida Virtual Weigh Station

#### **Punta Gorda Virtual WIM ByPass System**



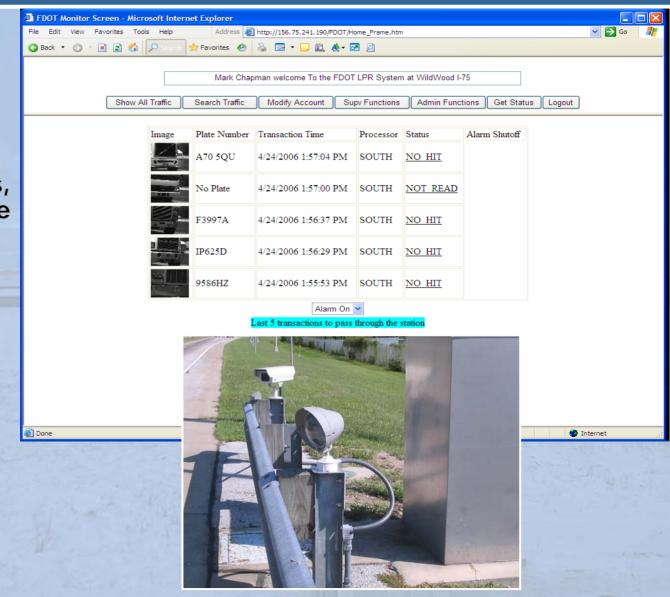
# Bypass Monitor Virtual Weigh Station: Distances and VWS Configuration



### Florida's WIM Results

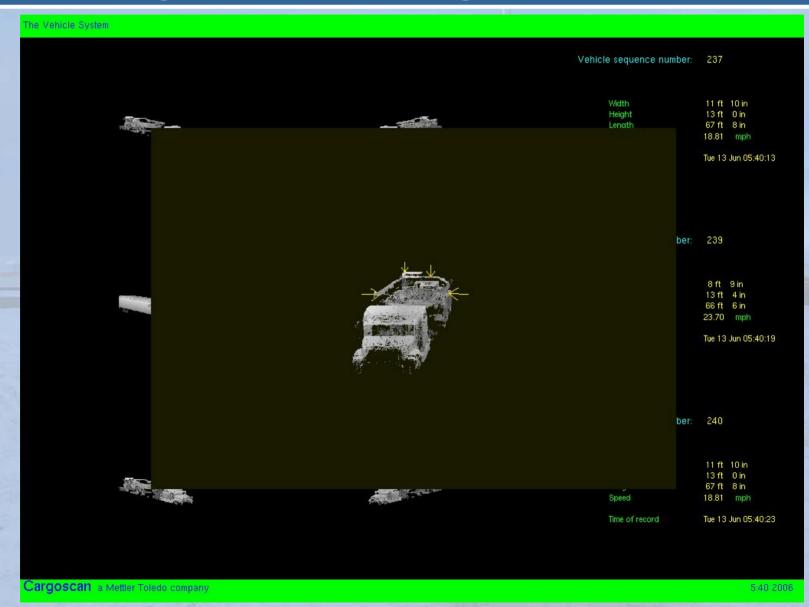
- 15 million trucks weighed in motion last year
- 24/7 on Interstates, near-95% open rate
- Pull in rates 15%-18% Statewide
- Data for ESAL classifications 4-14
- License Plate Reader deployment
- Ahead: 3D
   Dimensioning,

   Thermal Eye



# New Cargoscan Laser Software for 3-Dimensioning Scanner at Flagler

- Vehicle dimensioning system provides 3D image of vehicle with arrows identifying highest and widest points
- Provides actual L x W x H of vehicles



## 3-D WIM Record

#### WIM DATA

000965 01/15/04 14:35 Class: 9 Speed: 41 mph Gross: 74322 lbs

#### Over Height | Combin OverWt

# 3D Dimensioning for Infrastructure Protection

Cargoscan 3D measuring lasers +
integration with ITS & fixed WIM facilities
= heightened ability to intercept violators
and protect infrastructure

#### **Photos:**

- 8-ton backhoe on top of a flatbed trailer
- Extended shovel arm of hardened refined steel
- Overpass: commercial-grade concrete, reinforced with 1 1/2 inch steel rebar spaced at 6 inch intervals in a criss-cross pattern layered at 1 foot vertical spacing







## Florida's Best Practices

#### Sites for ramp weighing facilities

- Straight, far from major tangent for over 1 mile
- At least 1 mile from ramps to avoid traffic weave/merge
- Level elevation
- Avoid
  - Blocking private property access & egress
  - Wetlands
  - Endangered species habitats
  - Rezoning
  - Housing/commercial

#### WIM Life Expectancy

- Load cell, 14+ years
- Bending plate, 15 years
- Quartz, 3+ years
- Piezo varies



# Florida's Challenges

### License Plate Readers

Vendor: The Revenue Market Inc. (TRMI)

- Night washout/weather
- Affordable precise triggering systems
- Wide lane coverage with single cameras
- Damaged/low contrast plates
- Infrared illumination=reduced optical character recognition (OCR) performance
- Illumination to minimize motorist concerns

# California's WIM Experiences

- 110 WIM sites
- 34 PrePass<sup>TM</sup> sites
   (1 of 25 States, 259 sites)
- Virtual weigh station prototype
- Data collection for trends and patterns
  - Example: Schuyler Heim
     Bridge outside ports
     of Long Beach & Los Angeles
  - 18% of trucks overweight
  - 1000 trucks/month exceed 100,000 pounds
  - Link to early failure of bridge deck: 3<sup>rd</sup> in 12 years



### Prototype VWIM Station - Cordelia, CA



## California's WIM Results

- Caltrans considering widespread VWS
- Expecting reduction in infrastructure damage
- Still planning to use fixed stations at choke points
- PrePass<sup>™</sup> and expedited commerce
  - Less time in inspections
  - Fuel economy
  - Reduced emissions
  - Reduced congestion at fixed stations

## California's Best Practices

- Installations part of construction projects
- Concrete 150 foot approach, 50 foot following
  - Rapid set concrete
  - Developed flatness specification
  - Configuration & specification adopted by SHRP & LTPP
- Bending plate standard
  - Consistently accurate to ~5%
  - Functional in all but severe weather conditions



# California's Challenges

- Traffic volumes vs installation & maintenance
- Multiple ports of entry
  - Mexico
  - Arizona
  - Nevada
  - Oregon
- Multiple seaports of entry
  - Long Beach
  - Los Angeles
  - Oakland
  - Stockton and Sacramento
- Significant infrastructure damage from Pacific Rim traffic trucked through California
- Right-of-Way not available where most needed
- No earmarks for WIM funding

## Nevada's WIM Experiences

- Early adopter: 1979 semi-portable
- Today
  - 68 portable sites, 34 locations
    - Short term counts
  - 6 permanent WIM locations: I-15 and I-80
    - Continuous data 97% of time
- · 2 uses: planning, screening for enforcement
- Data downloaded to NDOT Carson City
- General Packet Radio Service (GPRS)
  - alternative to landline and cell

# **Nevada DOT Bending Plate Installation**









### **Nevada's WIM Results**

- Portable WIM, Elko County, SR-766
  - 78 LCVs screened for overweight
  - 74 found to be >5% over legal limit
  - 95% accuracy in identifying violators
- Continuous Permanent WIM, Elko
  - Pinpointed hours of most I-80 overweights
  - Detailed hourly report
  - NHP deployed resources during targeted time
- Laptop saves labor, avoids roadblocks, promotes safety
- Data use: roadway design, tax allocation, air quality, hourly reports, Federal submittal
- Installation costs
  - 4-lane, turnkey WIM: \$200K
  - Traditional site: \$1M not including ROW



## Nevada's Best Practices (Part I)

- Permanent WIM at high volume locations
  - Locations/funding coincide with construction projects
- Portable for short term monitoring
  - Data collection/enforcement screening on lower order roads
- Upstream site selection for permanent WIM
  - Joint screening at check site in conjunction with enforcement activity

## Nevada's Best Practices (Part II)

#### GPRS

- Reliable connectivity where landline's not practical
- Annual maintenance/calibration
  - Verification: type "9" vehicle drives across sensors 78 times
  - Portable WIM capacitive mats: self-calibration software coefficient
- Agency collaboration
  - Traffic Information: acquires, installs, maintains
  - Highway Patrol: enforces size and weight laws

# Nevada's Challenges

- Cost vs functionality
- Bending plate, Kistler, Class I Piezo
  - \$10K for 2 sensors/each lane, PCC only
  - \$10K for 2 sensors/each lane, ACC or PCC
  - \$2K for 2 sensors/each lane, ACC or PCC
- Portable
  - \$8K per sensor
  - Short life expectancy, 2-4 years
- Hidden costs
  - Peripherals
  - Maintenance/calibration
  - Training
- Virtual WIM long-range deployment
  - Interagency division of responsibility

# North Dakota's WIM Experiences

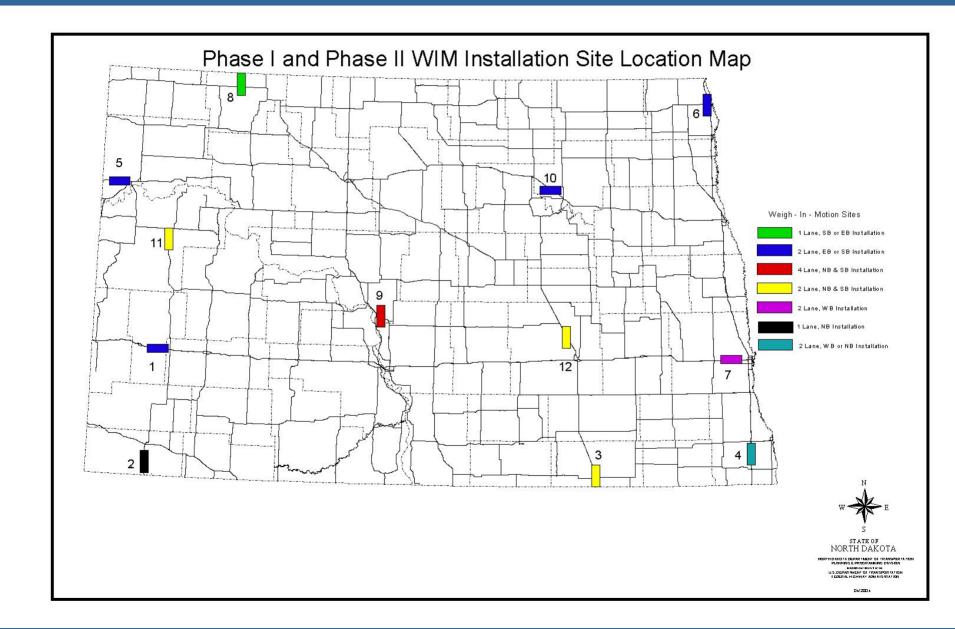
- Increased mobile enforcement
- 12 Sites deployed
  - All Virtual WIM
  - Wireless Data transferred to 36 patrol units
  - \$105K for single lane
  - \$125K for two
  - No video capture or portable WIM
- Goals
  - Non-intrusive to improve mobility
  - Promote commerce
  - Alternative to static weigh stations
- Maintenance responsibilities
  - NDDOT: cabinets & roadway
  - NDHP: in-cruiser



## Video: North Dakota WIM

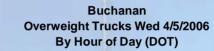


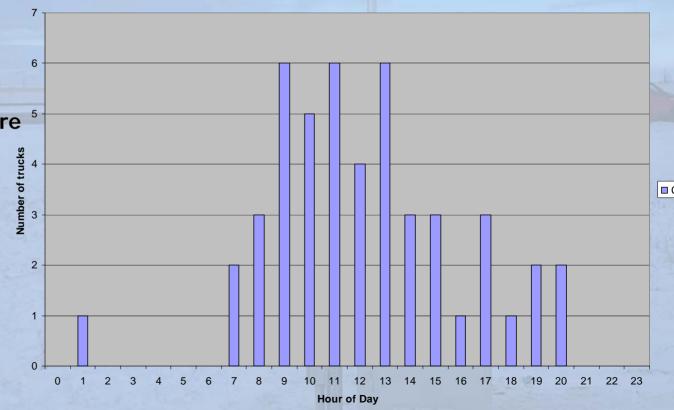
# North Dakota WIM Map



## North Dakota's WIM Results

- Enforcement, screening, safety compliance
  - Target areas of known violations
  - Target worst violators by area and time of day/week
    - Historical Data
    - · Real-time Data
- No ticketing directly from WIM readings
- Design of infrastructure to withstand loadings
- Legal weight trucks avoid delays





### North Dakota's Best Practices

- Reasonable installation schedule
  - 1 lane instrumented/day
  - 1 lane/week calibration, wire hook ups, installation
- Funding: \$2M for 12 sites, construction funds only
- Highway Patrol and DOT partnered in location selection
- PAT/IRD electronics, Kistler quartz piezo sensors
- Sites: no grade greater than + or -2%, tangent sections only
- Training: 8 hours for equipment 8 calibration: both HP and NDDOT personnel
- Annual calibration
- Long range VWIM deployment plan

# North Dakota's Challenges

- After the warranty
- Manpower
- Communication options
- Calibration and maintenance: to contract or not to contract





# Indiana's WIM Experiences



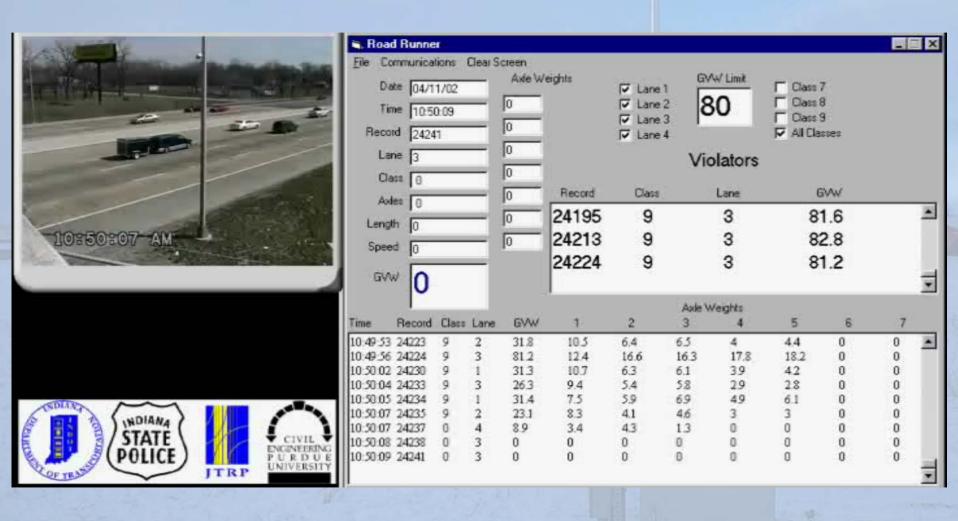


- Virtual WIM: 3 sites
- 50 WIM sites for data/research studies
- 12,000 miles of federal/State highways
- Pre-clearance: 2 of 10 permanent scales with mainline WIM
- Other 8: pre-clearance based on safety records (no weight check)

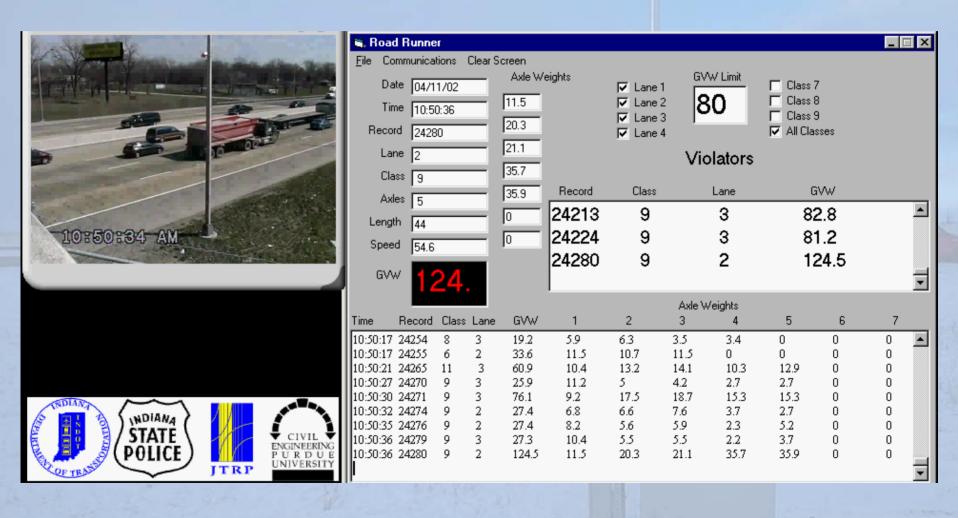
# Seymour Weigh Station 5/9/06



# Video: Overweight on Indiana's Borman Expressway Laptop Screen Seen by an Officer (continued)



# Overweight on Indiana's Borman Expressway: Laptop Screen Seen by an Officer (continued)



# **VWIM** in Indiana

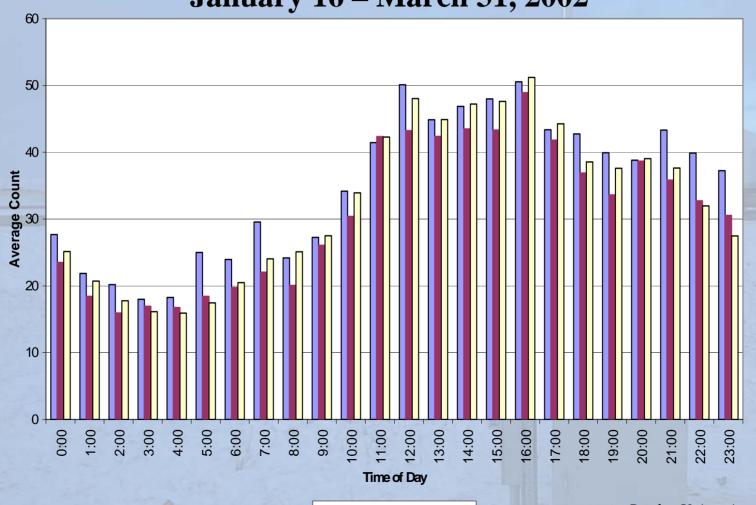


## Indiana's WIM Results

- Purdue Study on virtual scales
  - 55x more efficient at citing overweights than traditional methods
- WIM, virtual scales, 24/7 collection
  - Plot hot spots
  - Intelligently decide where to work next
- Enforcement moves around
  - Advantages: covertness, unpredictability
  - Promotes weight law compliance

# 1-80/94 — Hour of Day

Eastbound WIM Class 9 Volume GVW > 80k January 16 – March 31, 2002



□ January ■ February □ March

Purdue University graphic

# Indiana's Best Practices & Challenges

### Strategic thinking/planning

- Convene stakeholders early on
- Determine what each expects from sensor

### Manpower

- More difficult to predict in rural than metro areas
- Partner with enforcers to make sure VWIM operates where they work & can pull over safely

### Pavement Prep

- Define standards for installation
- 2 of Indiana's sites failed for lack thereof

### Sensor life expectancy

- Sensors can outlast pavement
- Assess how many years left in pavement & type of sensor that best matches up with volume of traffic

### Quality control

Viable, repeatable readings reinforce stakeholder confidence

#### Cameras

Challenges: trucks blocked by traffic, multi-lane highways

### Lead States at a Glance

#### Climate

- NV: arid, scorching desert, night freezes in high desert
- FL: humid, coastal
- IN: cold & hot, freezing & thawing
- ND: extreme winters
- CA: from mild coastal & salt air to desert, mountains & snow

#### Nevada

- Permanent WIM for high volume systems
- Portable WIM for lower order roads

#### Florida

- Pioneer of License Plate Reader (LPR) systems
- All Interstate facilities equipped with 45 mph ramp WIM lanes,
   2 static scales, comfort/inspection barns, parking lots for 23-36 trucks

#### Indiana

- Unique working relationship among Indiana DOT, DOR/MCS, State Police & Purdue
- Traffic Management Center, Indianapolis: INDOT & troopers

#### North Dakota

- Phase I and II WIM (03/04) is first large scale WIM program
- Increased mobile enforcement

#### California

- Volume of sites: 1/6 of WIM sites in the country
- Pacific Rim significant ports: freight bound for other States/countries

# **Lead State Common Issues**

- Enforcing legal weights
- Priority of curbing congestion
  - FHWA: by 2020, more than 25,000 miles of highway will carry over 5000 commoditycarrying trucks each day
  - 1/5 of that mileage will be congested
- Budget, efficient use of resources
- Limited Right-of-Way
- Protecting infrastructure investment
- WIM-win with VWIM



Virtual WIM can eliminate backups at scales. Credentialing helps, but future growth demands VWIM to screen for violators so non-violators can move on down the road.

# WIM-win

### **VWIM Boosts**

- Enforcement
- Safety
- Data collection
- Asset management
- Accuracy of design
- Commerce
- Mobility

### **VWIM Saves**

- Pavement life
- Maintenance costs
- Operating costs
- Construction costs
- ROW costs
- Manpower
- Troopers' time



### **WIM Lead States Team Contacts**

#### North Dakota DOT

Tom Bold

Chair, AASHTO TIG WIM Lead States Team Materials & Research Division (701) 328-6921 Tbold@nd.gov

Terry Woehl

Planning & Programming Division (701) 328-3531 Twoehl@nd.gov

#### Nevada DOT

Tony Rivera

Traffic Information Division (775) 888-7444
Trivera@dot.state.nv.us

#### Indiana DOT

Guy W. Boruff

Traffic Management Business Unit (317) 899-8605 Gboruff@indot.in.gov

#### Caltrans

Randy Woolley, P.E.

Division of Research & Innovation (949) 756-4930 Randy.woolley@dot.ca.gov

#### Florida DOT

Craig Wilson

Motor Carrier Compliance Office (850) 245-7932 Craig.wilson@dot.state.fl.us

AASHTO Technology Implementation Group http://aashtotig.org